<b>Distance Riddles-Le</b>	earning Centers
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24	Distance Muules					
Grade: 3 <sup>r°</sup> grade		Subject: Math				
Materials: several 200's charts lar	ninated or in sleeve protectors, thin	Technology Needed:				
evno markers enough for each stu	ident to have 2 different colors, list of	N/A				
distance widely a surd a surgit	dent to have 2 different colors, list of	N/A				
distance riddles and pencils.						
Instructional Strategies:		Guided Practices and Concrete Application:				
Direct instruction	Peer teaching/collaboration/	Large group estivity				
Guided practice	cooperative learning					
□ Socratic Seminar	Visuals/Granhic organizers	<ul> <li>Independent activity</li> <li>Technology integration</li> </ul>				
- Sociatic Schmar		Pairing/collaboration Imitation/Repeat/Mimic				
<ul> <li>Learning Centers</li> </ul>	PBL	Simulations/Scenarios				
Lecture	Discussion/Debate	Other (list)				
Technology integration	Modeling	Evalain				
Other (list)	-	Explain.				
Standard(s)		Differentiation				
3 NBT 2 Using strategies an	d algorithms based on place	Below Proficiency:				
		Students will draw and physically touch each number on the 200's				
value, properties of operation	ons, and/or the relationship	shart to figure out the possible answers to the distance riddles				
between addition and subtr	action, fluently add and	chart to figure out the possible answers to the distance hudies.				
subtract within 1000	,,					
subtract within 1000.		Above Proficiency:				
		Give the student an opportunity to transfer the distance riddles				
		from the charts to the equations.				
Objective(s)						
By the end of the lesson students	will be able to identify and solve	Approaching/Emerging Proficiency				
difference problems within 200 w	win be able to identify and solve	Approaching/Emerging Pronciency.				
difference problems within 200, u	sing a 200 s chart.	Students will be able to identify and solve difference problems				
		within 200, using a 200's chart.				
Bloom's Taxonomy Cognitive Lev	el:					
Application and Analysis		Modalities/Learning Preferences:				
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Visual and Hands-On				
Classroom Management- (group)	ng(s), movement/transitions, etc.)	Behavior Expectations- (systems, strategies, procedures specific to the				
Using results from previous assess	ments on Distance Riddles, select a	lesson, rules and expectations, etc.)				
small group of students who may	need some extra help figuring out	Have the students use different colors and steps to arrive at their				
how to use the 200's charts to arr	ive at the answers to the distance	answers				
riddloc		Students are expected to use this time to ask questions and stay				
House the students sit is a social	d a sea a da babla su tabada a da a abasa	Students are expected to use this time to ask questions and stay				
Have the students sit in a seclude	d area at a table with the teacher	focused as this is their time to tell you about where they are having the				
where they can feel focused and s	afe asking questions.	hardest time.				
Minutes	Procedures					
2 min Set-up/Prep:						
Set out the riddle the	expo markers 200's charts and pencils					
2 min Engage: (opening act	ivity/anticipatory Set	, arning (stimulate interest (generate questions, etc.)				
Similia Engage. (Opening act	mo to the toble and sit down as bit	ining / sumulate interest /generate questions, etc.)				
Have the students co	me to the table and sit down, ask them	if they remember taiking about distance riddles.				
Explain to them that	istance riddles are one of the most diff	icult things we may learn in 3 <sup>rd</sup> grade math, but by practicing them we				
will be able to use the	em to help us succeed in subtraction and	d addition in the future.				
Ask the students if th	ey think it would be ok if we spend som	e time talking about them and practicing them together.				
Allow students to exp	press their concerns and any questions t	hev have about distance riddles.				
		-,				
<b></b> · <b>_</b> · · · · ·						
/ min Explain: (concepts, p	rocedures, vocabulary, etc.)					
Begin by having the s	tudents look at the first distance riddle,	have them cover up the rest with their 200's chart. Start by having the				
students read it to th	students read it to themselves, then read it out loud for them.					
The first riddle is: "Th	e difference between me and 100 is 40.	what NUMBERS can I be?" Be sure to emphasize that there are two				
nossible answers one	for addition and one for subtraction					
Ack the students who	t they think we should find first on the	thart When students arrive at "100" have them take one color and				
ASK the students Wild	,	chart, when students allive at 100 llave them take UNE COIDI dhu				
outline the "100" box						
Pause and ask if they	have any questions so far?					
Next tell the students	we need to figure out 40 behind 100 ar	nd 40 in front of 100, subtract then add.				
Next have them use a	a different color marker and put a mark	on each box behind 100. Have them count together.				
When they get to 60	have them outline it with the first color	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Dauco and ack for an	a uestions					
Pause and ask for any	questions.	f 100 and then autline 140				
Next have them mark	with the other color 40 boxes in front o	of 100 and then outline 140.				
Ask them, so what co	uld our possible answers be?					
Pause and ask for any	questions.					

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	Have them answer the riddle accordingly.						
	Tell the students that they can continue on with the next fou	ır riddles.					
	Encourage them to take this time to ask any questions after t	they have tried them first.					
10 min	Explore: (independent, concreate practice/application with experiences, reflective questions- probing or clarifying questions	relevant learning task -connections from content to real-life stions)					
	Watch as the students go on to try the rest by themselves.						
	Encourage the children to keen using the different color mar	kers					
	Visit with each student to see if they are ready to move on to use the number line and the equations at the next meeting						
	visit with cach stadent to see if they are ready to move on te	s use the number line and the equations at the next meeting.					
2 min	Poviou (wron up and transition to payt activity)						
2 11111	Chee the students have finished sheet their answers and all	but them to the again if they need to until they get them correct					
	Collect the students have ministed check their diswers and allow them to try again in they need to until they get them correct.						
	Conect their work and use it as a summative assessment to c	neck for understanding to move on.					
Formative	Assessment: (linked to objectives)	Summative Assessment (linked back to objectives)					
Progress	monitoring throughout lesson- clarifying questions, check-	End of lesson:					
in strategies, etc.		Students will submit their riddles they finished on their own as a way to					
30 second interventions as the students work on their own will be		assess that they are ready for the next step in distance riddles and					
performed	to assure students are on the right track.	equations.					
Consideration for Back-up Plan:		If applicable- overall unit, chapter, concept, etc.:					
Have students work in pairs as they work through their riddles together		Assessment will be done at the end of the unit graded on a 3 point					
and help each other work through them.		system with 6 equations of various skills.					
Reflection	(What went well? What did the students learn? How do you	know? What changes would you make?):					
Distance ri	ddles are hard to grasp for a lot of students, me included. Whe	n teaching this lesson it is important to walk the students through each					
different m	nethod of solving thoroughly						

Because this lesson was going to be a little more challenging I thought it would be fun to introduce distance riddles with real riddles. I did two riddles and the second one I gave the students was one about a clock, which was a great way to lead into the clock review that was done at the beginning. The students thought the riddles were so funny and they were hooked right away to learn about the distance riddles.

One thing I must remember for next time is that in distance riddles we can use subtraction AND addition to solve them. That was the hardest part to show the students was showing them how the equations changes to show the two different answers. Also I felt the number line was hard to understand and the students would benefit from a quick review on number lines as well.

Another thought I had as I was teaching this lesson is I feel it would be more beneficial if the lesson was taught in small groups. I would want the students to be grouped according to their level they are at in math. Once they were grouped I would have some activities such as a number line review and a clock review for other students to work on while I meet with the small groups and teach them the distance riddles. That way the students could have the opportunity to ask questions and the concept could be broken down into more detail. The students could also have a chance to try the different theories to solve the distance riddle in closer detail and really find what works for them.

The last thing I would change about this lesson is teaching it in two or even three parts. The last section would be saved for an assessment on the distance riddles rather than doing the formative assessments right after the lesson and right after the practice problems. With the assessment I would like for the students to be able to try the problems and come back to me to ask how they did. If they did not get them right I would give them the opportunity to fix them and try again. I would encourage them to try them a few different ways before settling on another answer.

Distance Riddles:

Name\_\_\_\_\_

1. The difference between me and 100 is 40, what NUMBERS can I be?

\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

2. The Difference between me and 100 is 28, what NUMBERS can I be?

\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_

3. The difference between me and 100 is 30, what NUMBERS can I be?

\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_

4. The difference between me and 100 is 64, what NUMBERS can I be?

\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_

5. The difference between me and 100 is 100, what NUMBERS can I be?

\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	q
10		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	q	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	10q
10		112	113	14	115	86	117	8	19
120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129
130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139
140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149
150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159
160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169
170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179
180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199
200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209

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